

Robot de manœuvre

Q2 | Masse: $\Pi + m_t + m$
 4 roues + moteurs + réducteurs.

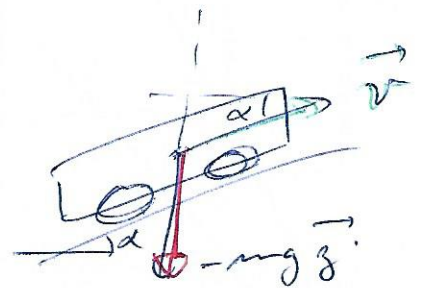
$$E_c(\Sigma/ml) = \frac{1}{2} \left[(\Pi + m_t + m) v^2 + 4 I_m \omega_m^2 + 4 I_r \omega_{roue}^2 \right]$$

Q3 $v = R \cdot \omega_{roue}$; $\omega_{roue} = \rho \cdot \omega_m$

$$E_c(\Sigma/ml) = \frac{1}{2} \left[(\Pi + m_t + m) (R\rho)^2 + 4 I_m + 4 I_r \rho^2 \right] \omega_m^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} J_{eq} \cdot \omega_m^2$$

Q4 $J_{eq} = \dots$



Q5 $P_{pes} = \vec{P} \cdot \vec{v}(\alpha) = -mg \sin \alpha \cdot v$

$$P_{pes} = -(\Pi + m_t + m) g \sin \alpha \cdot v$$

Q6 Pertes effectives = $4 \cdot \eta \cdot C_m \cdot \omega_m$

Q7 TEC \Rightarrow

$$J_{eq} \omega_m \dot{\omega}_m = 4 \eta C_m \omega_m - (\Pi + m_t + m) g \sin \alpha \cdot v$$

$$\Rightarrow C_m = \dots = 0,52 \text{ Nm}$$