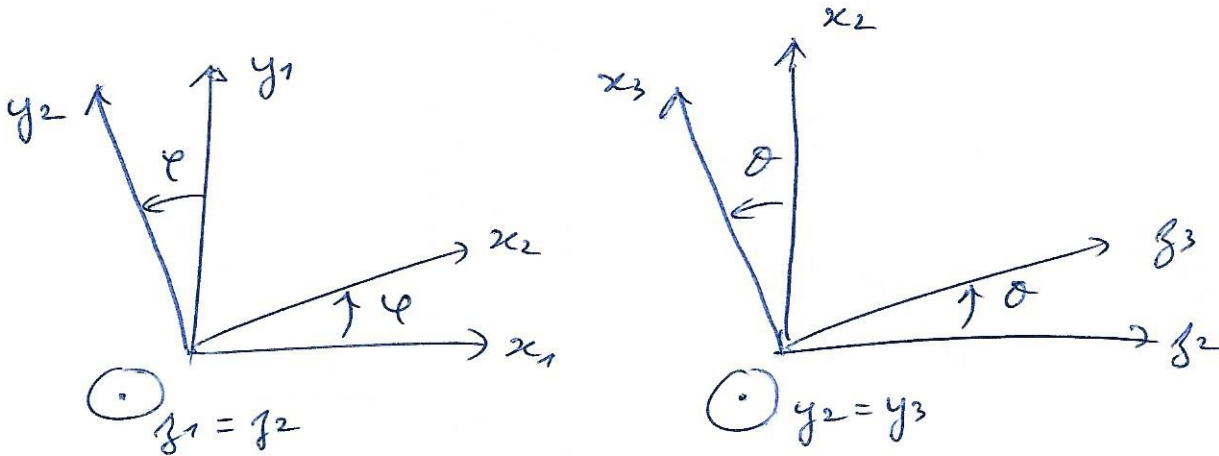


①

# Planète

Q1  $\vec{R}_C(3/1) = m_3 \cdot \vec{v}(G_3 \in 3/1)$

$$\vec{OG}_3 = a \vec{x}_2 - l \vec{y}_3$$



$$\left( \frac{d\vec{y}_3}{dt} \right)_{/1} = \left( \frac{d\vec{y}_3}{dt} \right)_{/2} + \underbrace{\vec{\Omega}_{2/1}}_{\dot{\varphi} \vec{y}_2} \wedge \vec{y}_3 = \dot{\theta} \vec{x}_3 + \dot{\varphi} m \dot{\theta} \vec{y}_3 \quad (x-l)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{v}(G_3 \in 3/1) &= a \dot{\varphi} \vec{y}_2 - l \dot{\theta} \vec{x}_3 - l \dot{\varphi} m \dot{\theta} \vec{y}_3 \\ &= -l \dot{\theta} \vec{x}_3 + (a - l m \dot{\theta}) \dot{\varphi} \vec{y}_3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\vec{V}(A, 3/1) = \overline{\overline{I_A(3)}} \cdot \vec{\Omega}_{3/1} + m_3 \vec{AG}_3 \wedge \vec{v}(A \in 3/1)$$

$$\vec{\Omega}_{3/1} = \dot{\varphi} \vec{y}_2 + \dot{\theta} \vec{y}_3 \quad \vec{y}_2 = -m \dot{\theta} \vec{x}_3 + \cos \theta \vec{y}_3$$

$$\vec{AG}_3 = -l \vec{y}_3 \quad \vec{v}(A \in 3/1) = a \dot{\varphi} \vec{y}_3$$

$$\vec{V}(A, 3/1) = \begin{bmatrix} A & & \\ & B & \\ & & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -\dot{\varphi} m \dot{\theta} \\ \dot{\theta} \\ \dot{\varphi} \cos \theta \end{bmatrix} + m_3 a l \dot{\varphi} \dot{\theta} \vec{x}_3$$

$$\vec{V}(A, 3/1) = (m_3 a l - A m \dot{\theta}) \dot{\varphi} \vec{x}_3 + B \dot{\theta} \vec{y}_3$$

② Planéze (Suite).

$$\textcircled{Q2} \quad \vec{f}(A, \frac{3}{4}) = \left( \frac{d\vec{V}(A, \frac{3}{4})}{dt} \right) + m_3 \underbrace{\vec{v}(A_1) \wedge \vec{v}(G_3 \in \frac{3}{4})}_{a \ell \dot{\varphi} \vec{e}_3}$$

$$\vec{v}(A_1) = a \dot{\varphi} \vec{e}_3$$

$$\vec{v}(G_3 \in \frac{3}{4}) = -\ell \dot{\theta} \vec{e}_3 + (a - b m \theta) \dot{\varphi} \vec{e}_3$$

Rem: On cherche  $\vec{f}(A, \frac{3}{4}) \cdot \vec{e}_3$  ( $\vec{e}_3 = \vec{e}_2$ ).

$$\left( \frac{d\vec{V}(A, \frac{3}{4})}{dt} \right) \cdot \vec{e}_3 = \left( \frac{d\vec{V}(A, \frac{3}{4}) \cdot \vec{e}_3}{dt} \right) - \vec{V}(A, \frac{3}{4}) \cdot \left( \frac{d\vec{e}_2}{dt} \right) = -\dot{\varphi} \vec{e}_2$$

$$\vec{f}(A, \frac{3}{4}) \cdot \vec{e}_3 = B \ddot{\theta} + (m_3 a \ell - A m \theta) \dot{\varphi}^2 \cos \theta$$

$$\textcircled{Q3} \quad \{T_2 \rightarrow 3\} = \begin{Bmatrix} X & L \\ Y & 0 \\ Z & N \end{Bmatrix}_{A, B_2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{\Pi}_{\text{pes}}(A) &= \vec{\Pi}_{\text{pes}}(G_3) + A \vec{G}_3 \wedge \vec{P} \\ &= \vec{0} + (-\ell \dot{\varphi} \vec{e}_3) \wedge (-m_3 g \vec{e}_2) = -m_3 g \ell m \theta \vec{e}_2 \end{aligned}$$

On isole (3), TTD sur  $(A, \vec{e}_3)$

$$B \ddot{\theta} + (m_3 a \ell - A m \theta) \dot{\varphi}^2 \cos \theta = -m_3 g \ell m \theta$$

$$\textcircled{Q4} \quad \dot{\varphi} = \text{cte}; \quad \dot{\theta} = \text{cte}, \quad \ddot{\theta} = 0, \quad \text{de plus } A m \theta \ll m_3 a \ell$$

$$\Rightarrow m_3 a \ell \dot{\varphi}^2 \cos \theta = -m_3 g \ell m \theta$$

$$\tan \theta = -\frac{a \dot{\varphi}^2}{g}$$