

(Q1) Rauche \rightarrow courbe a ; Courre \rightarrow courbe b (frequence + éléve)

(Q2) Utiliser un filtre passe bande

$$\vec{OB} = \vec{OA} + \vec{AA'} + \vec{A'B} + \vec{B\bar{C}} = \dots$$

$$\vec{OB} = (g_A + L \cos \beta + g_0) \vec{g}_0 + (f_{\text{ext}} + l + L \sin \beta + g_a) \vec{g}_a$$

$$(Q3) \vec{AA'} + \vec{A'B} = \vec{AB} \Rightarrow l \vec{g}_0 + L \vec{g}_5 = L \vec{g}_2$$

$$\begin{cases} 0 + L \cos \beta = L \cos \alpha \\ l + L \sin \beta = L \sin \alpha \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} L \sin \beta = L \sin \alpha - l \\ L \cos \beta = L \cos \alpha \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \tan \beta = \frac{L \sin \alpha - l}{L \cos \alpha}$$

$$(Q4) L_r = \sqrt{(L \sin \alpha - l)^2 + (L \cos \alpha)^2} = \sqrt{L^2 - 2Ll \sin \alpha + l^2}$$

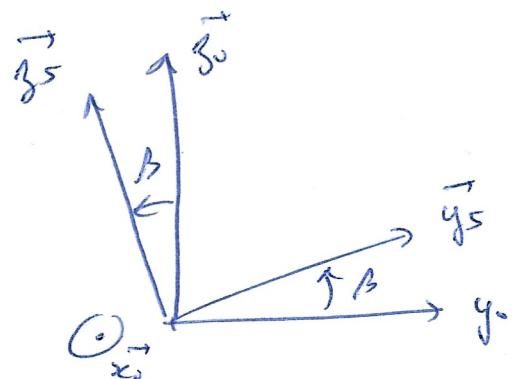
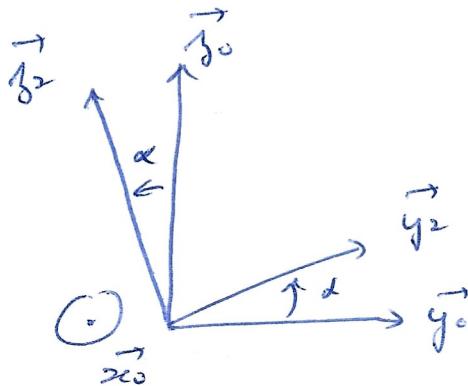
$$(Q5) \vec{F}_r = F_r \vec{g}_5 \text{ avec } F_r = -k_r(l_r - l_0)$$

$$(Q6) \vec{F}_{23} = F_{23} \vec{g}_2 \text{ et } \vec{F}_{2'3} = \vec{F}_{23} \cdot \vec{g}_2 \quad (\text{villes soumis à } 2 \text{ forces})$$

(Q7) On note (3+5), TRS sur \vec{g}_2

$$\vec{P} = -m_{35} g \vec{g}_0; \vec{F}_r = -k_r(l_r - l_0) \vec{g}_5; \vec{F}_{23} \text{ et } \vec{F}_{2'3}$$

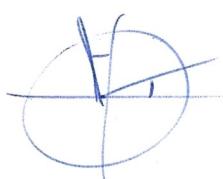
$$\text{TRS} \Rightarrow -m_{35} g \vec{g}_0 \cdot \vec{g}_2 - k_r(l_r - l_0) \vec{g}_5 \cdot \vec{g}_2 = 0$$



$$-m_{35} g \cos \alpha - k_r(l_r - l_0) \cos(-\beta + \alpha + \frac{\pi}{2}) = 0$$

$$-m_{35} g \cos \alpha + k_r(l_r - l_0) \sin(\alpha - \beta) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow F_r = \frac{-m_{35} g \cos \alpha}{\sin(\alpha - \beta)}$$



②

Q13 Dynamique

Cette question concerne le comportement dynamique du stabilisateur.

On recherche son équation de mouvement lorsqu'il est ~~électriquement~~ sollicité au moyen de la glissière par un mouvement $\vec{y}_{\text{pot}}(t) = 20 \text{ m}(\omega t)$.

On cherche (3+5), TRD sur \vec{g}_2

$$\vec{\ddot{o}_G} = \vec{y_A} \vec{g}_0 + \vec{y}_{\text{pot}} \vec{g}_0 + L \vec{g}_2 + \vec{y_A} \vec{g}_0 + g_0 \vec{g}_0$$

$$\vec{v}(G \in \mathbb{R}_k) = \vec{y}_{\text{pot}} \vec{g}_0 + L \vec{\dot{\alpha}} \vec{g}_2$$

$$\vec{\ddot{\alpha}}(G \in \mathbb{R}_k) = \vec{\ddot{y}_{\text{pot}}} \vec{g}_0 + L \vec{\ddot{\alpha}} \vec{g}_2 - L \vec{\dot{\alpha}}^2 \vec{g}_2$$

$$\vec{\ddot{\alpha}}(G \in \mathbb{R}_k) \cdot \vec{g}_2 = \vec{\ddot{y}_{\text{pot}}} \vec{g}_2 + L \vec{\ddot{\alpha}} \vec{g}_2$$

TRD \Rightarrow

$$m_{3c} \vec{\ddot{y}_{\text{pot}}} \vec{g}_{02} + L \vec{\ddot{\alpha}} m_{3c} = -m_{3c} g_{02} - F_R m(\alpha - \beta)$$

$$\Rightarrow \ddot{\alpha} = -\frac{\vec{\ddot{y}_{\text{pot}}} \vec{g}_{02}}{L} - \frac{g_{02}}{L} + \frac{F_R}{m_{3c} L} m(\beta - \alpha).$$

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