## Shells in the Bohr model of the atom

The electrons in an atom can only have
certain energy levels that corresponds to the different shells.

atom emits energy

An electron can be moved from one shell (energi level) to another if it absorbs a photon with an energy equal to the difference between the energy levels.


If an electron is instead moving from an outer to an inner shell a photon will be sent out (emitted) with the energy equal to the difference between the energy levels.


## Electron configurations in chemistry



The arrows $\downarrow$ indicate that there can be a maximum of two electrons in each orbital and that they have different spin states. These states are called "up" and "down". So each arrow indicate an electron in a particular state.

## Electron configurations in physics


$\mathrm{n}, \mathrm{l}, \mathrm{m}_{\mathrm{l}}$ and $\mathrm{m}_{\mathrm{s}}$ are called quantum number and they describe in what state the electron is in.
Pauli principle: Two electrons cannot have the same quantum numbers.
Hunds principle: Two electrons prefer to be alone in an orbital than together with a second electron.

## Shells and subshells in the periodic table




## Energy levels



Draw this picture and fill it up from the bottom


## Energy levels for Ni-28, Cu-29 and Zn-30



## Energy levels for K-19, V-23 and Cr-24




